International Olympic Committee should meet and reassign such honor to another country.

SA 4379. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title VI, add the following: SEC. 607. COMBATING FOOD INSECURITY AMONG MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND THEIR FAMILIES.

- (a) DESIGNATION OF SENIOR OFFICIAL TO COMBAT FOOD INSECURITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall designate a senior official of the Department of Defense to be responsible for, and accountable to the Secretary with respect to, combating food insecurity among members of the Armed Forces and their families. The Secretary shall designate the senior official from among individuals who are appointed to a position in the Department by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The senior official designated under paragraph (1) shall be responsible for the following:
- (A) Oversight of policy, strategy, and planning for efforts of the Department of Defense to combat food insecurity among members of the Armed Forces and their families.
- (B) Coordinating with other Federal agencies with respect to combating food insecurity
- (C) Such other matters as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (b) GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE REVIEW OF REPORT ON FOOD INSECURITY AMONG MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND THEIR FAMILIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a review of the report required by section 656 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 133 Stat. 1433).
- (2) BRIEFING AND REPORT.—The Comptroller General shall—
- (A) brief the congressional defense committees on the review conducted under paragraph (1) not later than 180 days after receiving the report described in that paragraph; and
- (B) submit to the congressional defense committees a report on that review not later than 180 days after providing the briefing under subparagraph (A).

SA 4380. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title VI, add the following:

- SEC. 607. GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OF-FICE REVIEW OF REPORT ON FOOD INSECURITY AMONG MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND THEIR FAMILIES.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a review of the report required by section 656 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 133 Stat. 1433).
- (b) BRIEFING AND REPORT.—The Comptroller General shall—
- (1) brief the congressional defense committees on the review conducted under subsection (a) not later than 180 days after receiving the report described in that subsection; and
- (2) submit to the congressional defense committees a report on that review not later than 180 days after providing the briefing under paragraph (1).
- SA 4381. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title VII, insert the following:

SEC. 728. MODIFICATIONS AND REPORT RELATED TO REALIGNMENT OR REDUCTION OF MILITARY MEDICAL MANNING AND MEDICAL BILLETS.

- (a) Modifications to Limitation on Realignment or Reduction.—Section 719 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1454), as amended by section 717 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283), is further amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "180 days following the date of the enactment of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021" and inserting "the one-year period following the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022"; and
- (2) in subsection (b)(1), by inserting ", including any billet validation requirements determined pursuant to estimates provided in the joint medical estimate under section 732(b)(1) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 1817)," after "requirements of the military department of the Secretary".
- (b) GAO REPORT ON REALIGNMENT OR REDUCTION OF MILITARY MEDICAL MANNING AND MEDICAL BILLETS.—
- (1) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the analyses used to support any realignment or reduction of military medical manning, including any realignment or reduction of medical billets of the military departments.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) An analysis of the use of the joint medical estimate under section 732(b)(1) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 1817) and wartime scenarios

- to determine military medical manpower requirements, including with respect to pandemic influenza and homeland defense missions
- (B) An assessment of whether the Secretaries of the military departments have used the processes under section 719(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 133 Stat. 1454) to ensure that a sufficient combination of skills, specialties, and occupations are validated and filled prior to the transfer of any medical billets of a military department to fill other military medical manpower needs.
- (C) An assessment of the effect of the reduction or realignment of such billets on local health care networks and whether the Director of the Defense Health Agency has conducted such an assessment in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments.

SA 4382. Mr. WARNER (for himself and Mr. TILLIS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title XXVIII, add the following:

SEC. 2815. COMPTROLLER GENERAL ASSESS-MENT OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CER-TAIN STATUTORY PROVISIONS IN-TENDED TO IMPROVE THE EXPERI-ENCE OF RESIDENTS OF PRIVATIZED MILITARY HOUSING.

- (a) Assessment Required.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct an independent assessment of the implementation by the Department of Defense of sections 2890 and 2891c(b) of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The assessment required under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a summary and evaluation of the analysis and information provided to residents of privatized military housing regarding the assessment of performance indicators pursuant to section 2891c(b) of title 10, United States Code, and the extent to which such residents have requested such an assessment:
- (B) a summary of the extent to which the Department collects and uses data on whether members of the Armed Forces and their families residing in privatized military housing, including family and unaccompanied housing, have exercised the rights afforded in the Military Housing Privatization Initiative Tenant Bill of Rights under subsection (a) of section 2890 of title 10, United States Code, to include the rights specified under paragraphs (8), (12), (13), (14), and (15) of subsection (b) of such section, and an evaluation of the implementation by the Department of Defense of such section; and
- (C) such other matters as the Comptroller General considers necessary.
 - (b) Briefing and Report.—
- (1) BRIEFING.—Not later than March 31, 2022, the Comptroller General shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives an interim briefing on the assessment conducted under subsection (a).
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to the

Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the assessment conducted under subsection (a)

(c) PRIVATIZED MILITARY HOUSING DE-FINED.—In this section, the term "privatized military housing" means military housing provided under subchapter IV of chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code.

SA 4383. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title VIII, add the following:

SEC. 807. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE NATIONAL IMPERATIVE FOR INDUSTRIAL SKILLS PROGRAM.

- (a) AUTHORITY.-
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out and accelerate the Department of Defense National Imperative for Industrial Skills Program within the Industrial Base Analysis and Sustainment (IBAS) Office to evaluate and further develop workforce development training programs for training the skilled industrial workers needed in the defense industrial base.
- (2) PRIORITIES.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary shall prioritize—
- (A) innovative training programs that can rapidly train skilled workers for placement in the defense industrial base faster than traditional training programs and at the scale needed to measurably reduce, as rapidly as possible, the manpower shortages that currently exist; and
- (B) training programs that can address the specific manufacturing requirements and skills that are unique to critical industrial sectors of the defense industrial base, such as naval shipbuilding.
 - (b) Funding.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The amount authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2022 for Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Defense-wide and available for Industrial Base Analysis and Sustainment Support is increased by \$10,00,000, with the amount of such increase to be available for pilot projects carried out pursuant to subsection (a).
- (2) OFFSET.—The amount authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2022 for Other Procurement, Navy and available for LCS MCM Mission Modules is reduced by \$10,000,000.
- SA 4384. Mr. VAN HOLLEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title III, add the following:

SEC. 376. PILOT PROGRAM FOR TACTICAL VEHI-CLE SAFETY DATA COLLECTION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act,

the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy shall jointly carry out a pilot program to evaluate the feasibility of using data recorders to monitor, assess, and improve the readiness and safety of the operation of military tactical vehicles.

- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the pilot program are—
- (1) to allow for the automated identification of hazards and potential hazards on and off military installations:
- (2) to mitigate and increase awareness of hazards and potential hazards on and off military installations:
 - (3) to identify near-miss accidents;
- (4) to create a standardized record source for accident investigations;
- (5) to assess individual driver proficiency, risk, and readiness;
- (6) to increase consistency in the implementation of military installation and unitlevel range safety programs across military installations and units;
- (7) to evaluate the feasibility of incorporating metrics generated from data recorders into the safety reporting systems and to the Defense Readiness Reporting System as a measure of assessing safety risks, mitigations, and readiness;
- (8) to determine the costs and benefits of retrofitting data recorders on legacy platforms and including data recorders as a requirement in acquisition of military tactical vehicles; and
- (9) any other matters as determined by the Secretary concerned.
- (c) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the pilot program, the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy shall—
- (1) assess the feasibility of using commercial technology, such as smartphones or technologies used by insurance companies, as a data recorder:
- (2) test and evaluate a minimum of two data recorders that meet the pilot program requirements:
- (3) select a data recorder capable of collecting and exporting the telemetry data, event data, and driver identification during operation and accidents:
- (4) install and maintain a data recorder on a sufficient number of each of the military tactical vehicles listed under subsection (f) at installations selected by the Secretary concerned under subsection (e) for statistically significant results:
- (5) establish and maintain a database that contains telemetry data, driver data, and event data captured by the data recorder;
- (6) regularly generate for each installation selected under subsection (e) a dataset that is viewable in widely available mapping software of hazards and potential hazards based on telemetry data and event data captured by the data recorders;
- (7) generate actionable data sets and statistics on individual, vehicle, and military installation:
- (8) require commanders at the installations selected under subsection (e) to incorporate the actionable data sets and statistics into the installation range safety program;
- (9) require unit commanders at the installations selected under subsection (e) to incorporate the actionable data sets and statistics into the unit driver safety program:
- (10) evaluate the feasibility of integrating data sets and statistics to improve driver certification and licensing based on data recorded and generated by the data recorders:
- (11) use open architecture to the maximum extent practicable; and
- (12) carry out any other activities determined by the Secretary as necessary to meet the purposes under subsection (b).
- (d) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army and the

Secretary of the Navy shall develop a plan for implementing the pilot program.

- (e) LOCATIONS.—Each Secretary concerned shall carry out the pilot program at not fewer than one military installation in the United States selected by the Secretary concerned that meets the following conditions:
- (1) Contains the necessary force structure, equipment, and maneuver training ranges to collect driver and military tactical vehicle data during training and routine operation.
- (2) Represents at a minimum one of the five training ranges identified in the study by the Comptroller General of the United States titled "Army and Marine Corps Should Take Additional Actions to Mitigate and Prevent Training Accidents" that did not track unit location during the training events.
- (f) COVERED MILITARY TACTICAL VEHI-CLES.—The pilot program shall cover the following military tactical vehicles:
 - (1) Army Strykers.
 - (2) Marine Corps Light Armored Vehicles.
 - (3) Army Medium Tactical Vehicles.
- (4) Marine Corps Medium Tactical Vehicle Replacements.
- (g) METRICS.—The Secretaries shall develop metrics to evaluate the effectiveness of the pilot program in monitoring, assessing, and improving vehicle safety, driver readiness, and mitigation of risk.
 - (h) REPORTS.-
- (1) INITIAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy shall jointly submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the pilot program that addresses the plan for implementing the requirements under subsection (c), including the established metrics under subsection (g).
- (2) INTERIM.—Not later than three years after the commencement of the pilot program, the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy shall jointly submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the status of the pilot program, including the preliminary results in carrying out the pilot program, the metrics generated during the pilot program, disaggregated by military tactical vehicle, location, and service, and the implementation plan under subsection (d)
 - (3) FINAL.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the termination of the pilot program, the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy shall jointly submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the program.
- (B) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subparagraph (A) shall—
- (i) assess the effectiveness of the pilot program in meeting the purposes under subsection (b);
- (ii) include the metrics generated during the pilot program, disaggregated by military tactical vehicle, location, and service;
- (iii) include the views of range personnel, unit commanders, and members of the Armed Forces involved in the pilot program on the level of effectiveness of the technology selected;
- (iv) provide a cost estimate for equipping legacy military tactical vehicles with data recorders;
- (v) determine the instances in which data recorders should be a requirement in the acquisition of military tactical vehicles;
- (vi) recommend whether the pilot program should be expanded or made into a program of record; and
- (vii) recommend any statutory, regulatory, or policy changes required to support the purposes under subsection (b).
- (i) TERMINATION.—The authority to carry out the pilot program under subsection (a)